

Axis Objects

Introduction

An **Axis** object manages a single physical axis on a motion controller. It represents a reference line in a coordinate system. The controller calculates an axis's command position every sample based on the motion commanded by the Motion Supervisor. The Axis object contains command, actual, and error position data, plus status.

An Axis can have one or more Filters associated with it and each Filter can have one or more Motors associated with it. The Filter and Motor objects ensure the Axis command path is followed and that the control signals get to the correct motor. Complex mechanical systems with two (or more) motors can be mapped to a single axis of motion, abstracting the details of the physical hardware and making motion software much easier to develop.

For simple systems, there is a one to one relationship between the Axis, Filter and Motor objects.

| [Error Messages](#) |

Methods

Create, Delete, Validate Methods

<u>mpiAxisCreate</u>	Create Axis object
<u>mpiAxisDelete</u>	Delete Axis object
<u>mpiAxisValidate</u>	Validate Axis object

Configuration and Information Methods

<u>mpiAxisActualPositionGet</u>	Get actual position
<u>mpiAxisActualPositionSet</u>	Set actual position
<u>mpiAxisActualVelocity</u>	Get actual velocity
<u>mpiAxisConfigGet</u>	Get Axis configuration
<u>mpiAxisConfigSet</u>	Set Axis configuration
<u>mpiAxisCommandPositionGet</u>	Get command position
<u>mpiAxisCommandPositionSet</u>	Set command position
<u>mpiAxisFlashConfigGet</u>	Get Axis flash config
<u>mpiAxisFlashConfigSet</u>	Set Axis flash config
<u>mpiAxisOriginGet</u>	Get Axis origin
<u>mpiAxisOriginSet</u>	Set Axis origin
<u>mpiAxisPositionError</u>	Get position error of an Axis
<u>mpiAxisStatus</u>	Get Axis status

[mpiAxisTrajectory](#) Get Axis trajectory

Event Methods

<u>mpiAxisEventNotifyGet</u>	Get event mask
<u>mpiAxisEventNotifySet</u>	Set event mask
<u>mpiAxisEventReset</u>	

Memory Methods

<u>mpiAxisMemory</u>	Set Axis memory address
<u>mpiAxisMemoryGet</u>	Copy bytes of Axis memory to application memory
<u>mpiAxisMemorySet</u>	Copy bytes of application memory to Axis memory

Relational Methods

<u>mpiAxisControl</u>	Return handle of Control associated with Axis
<u>mpiAxisFilterMapGet</u>	Get object map of Filters
<u>mpiAxisFilterMapSet</u>	Set object map of Filters
<u>mpiAxisMotorMapGet</u>	Get object map of Motors
<u>mpiAxisNumber</u>	Get index of Axis

Data Types

[MPIAxisConfig / MEIAxisConfig](#)
[MPIAxisEstopModify](#)
[MPIAxisInPosition](#)
[MPIAxisMaster](#)
[MPIAxisMasterType](#)
[MPIAxisMessage](#)

mpiAxisCreate

Declaration

```
MPIAxis MPIAxis mpiAxisCreate(MPIControl control,
                           long number)
```

Required Header: stdmpi.h

Description

mpiAxisCreate creates an axis object associated with the axis identified by **number** located on motion controller **control**. AxisCreate is the equivalent of a C++ constructor.

control	a handle to Axis object.
number	the number specifies which Axis object is being created. The number corresponds to an Axis object in XMP memory.

Remarks

An **Axis** represents a physical axis in space such as X, Y, Z, Theta, or other axes. An Axis may be comprised of one or more motors, such as with a gantry system.

Return Values	
handle	to an Axis object
MPIHandleVOID	

See Also

[mpiAxisDelete](#) | [mpiAxisValidate](#)

mpiAxisDelete

Declaration

```
long mpiAxisDelete(MPIAxis axis)
```

Required Header: stdmpi.h

Description

mpiAxisDelete deletes an Axis object and invalidates its handle (**axis**). *AxisDelete* is the equivalent of a C++ destructor.

axis	the Axis handle to be deleted
-------------	-------------------------------

Remarks

All objects that are created in an application should be deleted in reverse order at the end of the code.

Return Values	
MPIMessageOK	

See Also

[mpiAxisCreate](#) | [mpiAxisValidate](#)

mpiAxisValidate

Declaration

```
long mpiAxisValidate(MPIAxis axis)
```

Required Header: stdmpi.h

Description

mpiAxisValidate validates the Axis object and its handle (**axis**). AxisValidate should be called immediately after an object is created.

axis	a handle to the Axis object to be validated
-------------	---

Return Values	
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MPIMessageOK	
------------------------------	--

See Also

[mpiAxisCreate](#) | [mpiAxisDelete](#)

mpiAxisActualPositionGet

Declaration

```
long mpiAxisActualPositionGet(MPIAxis axis,  
                           double *actual)
```

Required Header: stdmpi.h

Description

axis	a handle to an Axis object.
*actual	a pointer to the Axis actual position returned by the method.

Return Values

[MPIMessageOK](#)

See Also

[AxisCommandPositionSet](#) | [Using the Origin Variable](#)

mpiAxisCommandPositionSet

Declaration

```
long mpiAxisCommandPositionSet(MPIAxis axis,
                             double command)
```

Required Header: stdmpi.h

Description

mpiAxisCommandPositionSet sets the value of the command position of an Axis (**axis**) from **command**.

mpiAxisCommandPositionSet truncates **command** to an integer value before sending the new position to the controller. If a different type of rounding is desired, then it should be implemented by the application prior to calling **AxisCommandPositionSet**.

mpiAxisCommandPositionSet(...) Error Check

The mpiAxisCommandPositionSet(...) error check has been extended. If the controller is updating the axis's command position when mpiAxisCommandPositionSet(...) is called, MPIAxisMessageCOMMAND_NOT_SET will be returned.

mpiAxisCommandPositionSet(...) checks for the following conditions:

- Axis is in a STOPPING, STOPPED, or MOVING state.
- Any motor associated with the axis has the disableAction configuration set to MEIMotorDisableActionCMD_EQ_ACT and the motor's Amp Enable is disabled.
- If the command position read from the controller does not match the requested position.

axis	a handle to the Axis object
-------------	-----------------------------

command	value to which the Actual command position will be set
----------------	--

Remarks

Setting the Axis Command Position may cause the axis to jump. See the discussion of the [Axis Origin](#) before using the [AxisActualPositionSet](#) and [AxisCommandPositionSet](#) methods.

Return Values	
<u>MPIMessageOK</u>	
<u>MPIMessageARG_INVALID</u>	if command lies outside the range of signed 32-bit integers: [-2147483648, 2147483648)
<u>MPIAxisMessageCOMMAND_NOT_SET</u>	

See Also

[MEIMotorDisableAction](#) | [AxisActualPositionSet](#) | [AxisCommandPositionSet](#) |
[MPIAxisMessage](#) | [Controller Positions](#)

mpiAxisActualPositionSet

Declaration

```
long mpiAxisActualPositionSet(MPIAxis axis,  
                           double actual)
```

Required Header: stdmpi.h

Description

mpiAxisActualPositionSet sets the value of the actual position of an Axis (**axis**) to **actual**.

axis	a handle to an Axis object.
actual	a value to which the Axis actual position will be set.

Return Values

[MPIMessageOK](#)

See Also

[AxisCommandPositionSet](#) | [Using the Origin Variable](#) | [Controller Positions](#)

mpiAxisActualVelocity

Declaration

```
long mpiAxisActualVelocity(MPIAxis      axis,
                           double       *actual)
```

Required Header: stdmpi.h

Description

mpiAxisActualVelocity reads the value of the actual velocity (in counts per servo sample) on an Axis (**axis**) and writes it in the location pointed to by **actual**.

Return Values	
MPIMessageOK	

See Also

mpiAxisConfigGet

Declaration

```
long mpiAxisConfigGet(MPIAxis           axis,
                      MPIAxisConfig *config,
                      void            *external)
```

Required Header: stdmpi.h

Change History: Modified in the 03.03.00

Description

mpiAxisConfigGet gets the configuration of an Axis (**axis**) and writes it into the structure pointed to by **config**, and also writes it into the implementation-specific structure pointed to by **external** (if **external** is not NULL).

The configuration information in **external** is in addition to the configuration information in **config**, i.e, the configuration information in **config** and in **external** is not the same information. Note that **config** or **external** can be NULL (but not both NULL).

axis	a handle to an Axis object.
*config	pointer to the MPIAxisConfig structure
*external	pointer to an external. See remarks below

Return Values

[MPIMessageOK](#)

Remarks

For XMP and ZMP controllers, **external** either points to a structure of type **MEIAxisConfig{}** or is NULL.

Sample Code

```
/* Change axis encoder scaling.  
 limit scale to +/- 2.0 */  
void axisScale(MPIAxis axis, float scale)  
{  
    MPIAxisConfig config;  
    MEIAxisConfig xmpConfig;  
  
    mpiAxisConfigGet(axis, &config, &xmpConfig);  
    xmpConfig.APos[0].Coeff = (long)(scale * MEIXmpFRACTIONAL_UNITY);  
    mpiAxisConfigSet(axis, &config, &xmpConfig);  
}
```

See Also

[MPIAxisConfig](#) | [mpiAxisConfigSet](#) | [MEIAxisConfig](#)

mpiAxisConfigSet

Declaration

```
long mpiAxisConfigSet(MPIAxis          axis,
                      MPIAxisConfig *config,
                      void            *external)
```

Required Header: stdmpi.h

Change History: Modified in the 03.03.00

Description

mpiAxisConfigSet sets the configuration of an Axis (**axis**) using data from the structure pointed to by **config**, and also using data from the implementation-specific structure pointed to by **external** (if **external** is not NULL).

The configuration information in **external** is in addition to the configuration information in **config**, i.e, the configuration information in **config** and in **external** is not the same information. Note that **config** or **external** can be NULL (but not both NULL).

The MEIXmpAxisGear firmware feature only supports servo motor types. The axis gear feature does not support step motor types.

axis	a handle to an Axis object.
*config	pointer to the MPIAxisConfig structure
*external	pointer to an external. See remarks below

Return Values

[MPIMessageOK](#)

Remarks

For XMP and ZMP controllers, **external** either points to a structure of type **MEIAxisConfig{}** or is NULL.

Sample Code

```
/* Change axis encoder scaling.  
 limit scale to +/- 2.0 */  
void axisScale(MPIAxis axis, float scale)  
{  
    MPIAxisConfig config;  
    MEIAxisConfig xmpConfig;  
  
    mpiAxisConfigGet(axis, &config, &xmpConfig);  
    xmpConfig.APos[0].Coeff = (long)(scale * MEIXmpFRACTIONAL_UNITY);  
    mpiAxisConfigSet(axis, &config, &xmpConfig);  
}
```

See Also

[mpiAxisConfigGet](#) | [MEIAdcConfig](#) | [MEIAxisConfig](#)

mpiAxisCommandPositionGet

Declaration

```
long mpiAxisCommandPositionGet(MPIAxis axis,  
                           double *command)
```

Required Header: stdmpi.h

Description

mpiAxisCommandPositionGet gets the value of the command position of an Axis (**axis**) and puts it in the location pointed to by **command**.

axis	a handle to an Axis object.
*command	a pointer to the Axis command position returned by the method

Return Values

[MPIMessageOK](#)

See Also

[mpiAxisCommandPositionSet](#) | [Controller Positions](#)

mpiAxisFlashConfigGet

Declaration

```
long mpiAxisFlashConfigGet(MPIAxis axis,
                           void *flash,
                           MPIAxisConfig *config,
                           void *external)
```

Required Header: stdmpi.h

Description

mpiAxisFlashConfigGet gets the flash configuration for an Axis (**axis**) and writes it into the structure pointed to by **config**, and also writes it into the implementation-specific structure pointed to by **external** (if **external** is not NULL).

The Axis flash configuration information in **external** is in addition to the Axis flash configuration information in **config**, i.e., the flash configuration information in **config** and in **external** is not the same information. Note that **config** or **external** can be NULL (but not both NULL).

axis	a handle to the Axis object
*flash	a handle to the Flash object
*config	pointer to an MPIAxisConfig structure
*external	pointer to an external. See remarks below.

Remarks

For XMP controllers, **external** either points to a structure of type **MEIAxisConfig{}** or is NULL. **flash** is either an MEIFlash handle or MPIHandleVOID. If **flash** is MPIHandleVOID, an MEIFlash object will be created and deleted internally.

Return Values

[MPIMessageOK](#)

See Also

[MEIFlash](#) | [mpiAxisFlashConfigSet](#) | [MEIAxisConfig](#)

mpiAxisFlashConfigSet

Declaration

```
long mpiAxisFlashConfigGet(MPIAxis axis,
                           void *flash,
                           MPIAxisConfig *config,
                           void *external)
```

Required Header: stdmpi.h

Description

mpiAxisFlashConfigSet sets the flash configuration for for an Axis (**axis**) using data from the structure pointed to by **config**, and also using data from the implementation-specific structure pointed to by **external** (if **external** is not NULL).

The Axis flash configuration information in **external** is *in addition* to the Axis flash configuration information in **config**, i.e., the flash configuration information in config and in external is not the same information. Note that **config** or **external** can be NULL (but not both NULL).

axis	a handle to the Axis object
*flash	a handle to the Flash object
*config	pointer to an MPIAxisConfig structure
*external	pointer to an external. See remarks below.

Remarks

external either points to a structure of type **MEIAxisConfig{}** or is NULL. **flash** is either an MEIFlash handle or MPIHandleVOID. If **flash** is MPIHandleVOID, an MEIFlash object will be created and deleted internally.

Return Values

[MPIMessageOK](#)

See Also

[MEIFlash](#) | [mpiAxisFlashConfigGet](#) | [MEIAxisConfig](#)

mpiAxisOriginGet

Declaration

```
long mpiAxisOriginGet(MPIAxis axis,  
                      double   *origin)
```

Required Header: stdmpi.h

Description

mpiAxisOriginGet gets the value of the origin of an Axis (**axis**) and writes it into the location pointed to by **origin**.

axis	a handle to the Axis object.
*origin	pointer to the Origin value returned by the method

Return Values

[MPIMessageOK](#)

See Also

[mpiAxisOriginSet](#) | [Using the Origin Variable](#) | [Controller Positions](#)

mpiAxisOriginSet

Declaration

```
long mpiAxisOriginSet(MPIAxis axis,  
                      double origin)
```

Required Header: stdmpi.h

Description

mpiAxisOriginSet sets the value of the origin of an Axis (**axis**) to **origin**.

axis	a handle to the Axis object.
origin	value to which the Axis Origin will be set

Return Values	
MPIMessageOK	

See Also

[mpiAxisOriginGet](#) | [Using the Origin Variable](#) | [Controller Positions](#)

mpiAxisPositionError

Declaration

```
long mpiAxisPositionError(MPIAxis axis,  
                           double   *error)
```

Required Header: stdmpi.h

Description

mpiAxisPositionError gets the value of the position error of an Axis (**axis**) and puts it in the location pointed to by **error**. The position error is equal to (command position - actual position).

axis	a handle to the Axis object
*error	a pointer to the Axis position error returned by the method

See Also

[mpiAxisCommandPositionGet](#) | [mpiAxisActualPositionGet](#) | [Controller Positions](#)

mpiAxisStatus

Declaration

```
long mpiAxisStatus(MPIAxis      axis,
                  MPIStatus    *status,
                  void          *external)
```

Required Header: stdmpi.h

Description

mpiAxisStatus gets the status of an Axis (**axis**) and writes it into the structure pointed to by **status** and also writes it into the implementation-specific structure pointed to by **external** (if **external** is not NULL).

axis	a handle to the Axis object
*status	pointer to MPIStatus structure.
*external	pointer to an implementation-specific structure.

Remarks

external should always be set to NULL.

Return Values	
<u>MPIMessageOK</u>	
<u>MPIMessageARG_INVALID</u>	

See Also

[mpiAxisCommandPositionGet](#) | [mpiAxisActualPositionGet](#) | [Controller Positions](#)

mpiAxisTrajectory

Declaration

```
long mpiAxisTrajectory(MPIAxis           axis,
                      MPITrajectory *trajectory)
```

Required Header: stdmpi.h

Description

mpiAxisTrajectory reads the current velocity and acceleration of **axis** and writes it into the structure pointed to by **trajectory**.

NOTE: deceleration, jerkPercent, accelerationJerk, and decelerationJerk fields of **trajectory** cannot be read from the controller and consequently are set to zero.

axis	a handle to the Axis object.
*trajectory	pointer to the MPITrajectory structure

Remarks

The default MPITrajectory structure can be used by the mpiMotionStart(...) and mpiMotionModify() methods.

Sample Code

```
MPITrajectory trajectory;

mpiAxisTrajectory(axis, &trajectory);

printf("Velocity %.3f\n"
      "Acceleration %.3f\n",
      trajectory.velocity,
      trajectory.acceleration);
```

Return Values

[MPIMessageOK](#)

See Also

[mpiMotionStart](#) | [mpiMotionModify](#) | [MPITrajectory](#)

mpiAxisEventNotifyGet

Declaration

```
long mpiAxisEventNotifyGet(MPIAxis axis,
                           MPIEventMask *eventMask,
                           void *external)
```

Required Header: stdmpi.h

Description

mpiAxisEventNotifyGet writes the event mask (that specifies the event type(s) for which host notification has been requested) to the location pointed to by **eventMask**, and also writes it into the implementation-specific location pointed to by **external** (if **external** is not NULL).

The event notification information in **external** is in addition to the event notification information in **eventMask**, i.e, the event notification information in **eventMask** and in **external** is not the same information. Note that **eventMask** or **external** can be NULL (but not both NULL).

axis	a handle to the Axis object
*eventMask	pointer to an MPIEventMask
*external	pointer to an external. See remarks below

Remarks

external either points to a structure of type **MEIEventData{}** or is NULL.

The **MEIEventData{}** structure is an array of firmware addresses, whose contents are placed into the **MEIEventStatusInfo{}** structure (of all events generated by this object).

Return Values

[MPIMessageOK](#)

See Also

mpiAxisEventNotifyGet

[MEIEventNotifyData](#) | [MEIEventStatusInfo](#) | [mpiAxisEventNotifySet](#)

mpiAxisEventNotifySet

Declaration

```
long mpiAxisEventNotifySet(MPIAxis           axis,
                           MPIEventMask     eventMask,
                           void            *external)
```

Required Header: stdmpi.h

Description

mpiAxisEventNotifySet requests host notification of the event(s) that are generated by **axis** and specified by **eventMask**, and also specified by the implementation-specific location pointed to by **external** (if **external** is not NULL).

The event notification information in **external** is in addition to the event notification information in **eventMask**, i.e, the event notification information in **eventMask** and in **external** is not the same information. Note that **eventMask** or **external** can be NULL (but not both NULL).

axis	a handle to the Axis object
eventMask	pointer to an MPIEventMask
*external	pointer to an external

Remarks

external either points to a structure of type **MEIEventNotifyData{}** or is NULL.

The **MEIEventNotifyData{}** structure is an array of firmware addresses, whose contents are placed into the **MEIEventStatusInfo{}** structure (of all events generated by this object).

To...	Then...
enable host notification of all events	configure eventmask with mpiEventMaskALL(eventMask)
disable host notification of all events	configure eventmask with mpiEventMaskCLEAR(eventMask)

Return Values
<u>MPIMessageOK</u>

See Also

[MEIEventNotifyData](#) | [MEIEventStatusInfo](#) | [MPIEventMask](#) | [MPIEventType](#) |
[mpiEventMaskALL](#) | [mpiEventMaskCLEAR](#) | [mpiAxisEventNotifyGet](#) |
[MEIEventNotifyData](#)

mpiAxisEventReset

Declaration

```
long mpiAxisEventReset(MPIAxis axis,
                      MPIEventMask eventMask)
```

Required Header: stdmpi.h

Description

mpiAxisEventReset resets the event(s) that are specified in **eventMask** and generated by **axis**. Your application must call mpiAxisEventReset only after one or more latchable events have occurred.

axis	a handle to the Axis object
eventMask	pointer to an MPIEventMask

Return Values

[MPIMessageOK](#)

See Also

[mpiControlEventReset](#) | [mpiMotionEventReset](#) | [mpiMotorEventReset](#) |
[mpiRecorderEventReset](#) | [mpiSequenceEventReset](#) | [meiSynqNetEventReset](#) |
[meiSqNodeEventReset](#)

[Event Notification Methods](#)

mpiAxisMemory

Declaration

```
long mpiAxisMemory(MPIAxis  axis,  
                  void      **memory)
```

Required Header: stdmpi.h

Description

mpiAxisMemory sets (writes) an address (used to access a Control object's memory) to the contents of **memory**.

Return Values

[MPIMessageOK](#)

See Also

[mpiAxisMemoryGet](#) | [mpiAxisMemorySet](#)

mpiAxisMemoryGet

Declaration

```
long mpiAxisMemoryGet(MPIAxis      axis,
                      void          *dst,
                      const void   *src,
                      long         count)
```

Required Header: stdmpi.h

Description

mpiAxisMemoryGet copies **count** bytes of Axis (**axis**) memory (starting at address **src**) to application memory (starting at address **dst**).

axis	a handle to the Axis object
*dst	pointer to the destination location to where the memory will be written
*src	pointer to the source location of memory being read
count	size of memory to be read

Return Values

[MPIMessageOK](#)

See Also

[mpiAxisMemory](#) | [mpiAxisMemorySet](#)

mpiAxisMemorySet

Declaration

```
long mpiAxisMemorySet(MPIAxis      axis,
                      void          *dst,
                      const void   *src,
                      long         count)
```

Required Header: stdmpi.h

Description

mpiAxisMemorySet copies **count** bytes of application memory (starting at address **src**) to Axis (**axis**) memory (starting at address **dst**).

axis	a handle to the Axis object
*dst	pointer to the destination location to where the memory will be written
*src	pointer to the source location of memory being read
*count	size of memory to be written

Return Values

[MPIMessageOK](#)

See Also

[mpiAxisMemory](#) | [mpiAxisMemoryGet](#)

mpiAxisControl

Declaration

```
MPIControl mpiAxisControl(MPIAxis axis)
```

Required Header: stdmpi.h

Description

mpiAxisControl returns a handle to the motion controller (Control) with which an Axis (**axis**) is associated.

axis	a handle to an Axis object.
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Return Values

MPIHandleVOID	
-------------------------------	--

See Also

mpiAxisFilterMapGet

Declaration

```
long mpiAxisFilterMapGet(MPIAxis           axis ,
                        MPIOBJECTMAP    *filterMap)
```

Required Header: stdmpi.h

Description

mpiAxisFilterMapGet gets the object map of the Filters [associated with an Axis (**axis**)] and writes it into the structure pointed to by **motorMap**.

axis	a handle to the Axis object
*filterMap	a pointer to an ObjectMap of Filters mapped to the axis

Remarks

MPIOBJECTMAP is a **long** that maps the Filters in controller memory to each bit. Ex: A map value of 1 would indicate Filter 0 is mapped the Axis. A value of 6 would indicate that Filters 2 and 3 are mapped to the Axis.

Return Values	
<u>MPIMessageOK</u>	

See Also

[mpiAxisFilterMapSet](#)

mpiAxisFilterMapSet

Declaration

```
long mpiAxisFilterMapSet(MPIAxis axis,
                        MPIObjectMap filterMap)
```

Required Header: stdmpi.h

Description

mpiAxisFilterMapSet sets the Filters [associated with an Axis (**axis**)] using data from the object map specified by **filterMap**.

axis	a handle to the Axis object
filterMap	a list of Filters to be mapped to the axis

Remarks

[MPIObjectMap](#) is a *long* that maps the Filters in controller memory to each bit. E.g. A map value of 1 will map Filter 0 to the Axis. A value of 6 will map both Filters 2 and 3 to the Axis.

Return Values

[MPIMessageOK](#)

See Also

[mpiAxisFilterMapGet](#) | [MPIObjectMap](#)

mpiAxisMotorMapGet

Declaration

```
long mpiAxisMotorMapGet(MPIAxis axis,
                       MPIObjectMap *motorMap)
```

Required Header: stdmpi.h

Description

mpiAxisMotorMapGet gets the object map [of the Motors associated with an Axis (**axis**)] and writes it into the structure pointed to by **motorMap**.

axis	a handle to the Axis object.
* motorMap	a pointer to an ObjectMap of Motors mapped to the axis

Remarks

[MPIObjectMap](#) is a **long** that maps the Motors in controller memory to each bit. Ex: A **map** value of 1 would indicate Motor 0 is mapped the Axis. A value of 6 would indicate that Motors 2 and 3 are mapped to the Axis.

Remember that Motors are mapped to Axes through the Filter object. To configure the Axis/Motor map, the application will need to set the **mpiAxisFilterMap** and **mpiFilterMotorMap**.

Return Values	
MPIMessageOK	

See Also

[mpiAxisFilterMapGet](#) | [MPIObjectMap](#)

mpiAxisNumber

Declaration

```
long mpiAxisNumber(MPIAxis  axis,  
                  long      *number)
```

Required Header: stdmpi.h

Description

mpiAxisNumber writes the index of an Axis (**axis**, on the motion controller that the Axis is associated with) to the contents of **number**.

axis	a handle to the Axis object
*number	pointer to the number

Return Values

[MPIMessageOK](#)

See Also

MPIAxisConfig / MEIAxisConfig

Definition: MPIAxisConfig

```
typedef struct MPIAxisConfig {
    MPIAxisEstopModify    estopModify;
    MPIAxisInPosition    inPosition;
    MPIAxisMaster        master;
    long                    masterCorrection;
    MPIOBJECTMAP        filterMap;
}MPIAxisConfig;
```

Change History: Modified in the 03.03.00

Description

estopModify	See MPIAxisEstopModify .
inPosition	See MPIAxisInPosition .
master	This field defines the source of the position and velocities used as the master for cam motion. See Master Position Source .
masterCorrection	Specifies which axis provides the master position correction. A value of -1 stops any stops master corrections from being used. See Camming: Correctional Moves .
filterMap	bitmap indicating which Filter objects are mapped to the Axis. See MPIOBJECT for more details.

Definition: MEIAxisConfig

```
typedef struct MEIAxisConfig {
    char                  userLabel[MEIObjectLabelCharMAX+1];
                           /* +1 for NULL terminator */
    MEIXmpAPosInput      APos [MEIXmpAxisAPosInputs];
    MEIXmpAxisFilter     Filter;
    MEIXmpAxisGear       Gear;
}MEIAxisConfig;
```

Change History: Modified in the 03.03.00

Description

userLabel - consists of 16 characters that are used to label the axis object for user identification purposes. The userLabel field is NOT used by the controller.

APos - an array of structures that set Actual position inputs. The structure has two elements:

- **Ptr** - Pointer to Actual position input register. Default value is corresponding encoder input.
- **Coeff** - Coefficient that multiplies the encoder input. Coeff is a custom unit. The range of Coeff is +/- 2.0 (+/- 2*MEIXmpFRACTIONAL_UNITY).

For a 1:1 ratio of encoder input to reported encoder input set:

$$\text{Coeff} = \text{MEIXmpFRACTIONAL_UNITY}.$$

For 0.5:1 ratio, set:

$$\text{Coeff} = \text{MEIXmpFRACTIONAL_UNITY} / 2.$$

When the distance between the positive and negative limit configurations exceed 32 bits (4,294,967,296 counts), both limits are triggered. The distance between the positive and negative software position limits must be less than 32 bits (4,294,967,296 counts).

Filter

- Input
- Output
- Delta
- Delay
- Timer
- Pointer

Gear - Coefficients for gearing off a position input. The MEIXmpAxisGear firmware feature only supports servo motor types. The axis gear feature does not support step motor types.

- **Ptr** - Host pointer to a gear master

Example:

```
MEIXmpData      *firmware;
MEIXmpBufferData *bufferData;

mpiControlMemory(control,&firmware,&bufferData);
...
msgCHECK(MPIAxisConfigGet(axis, &axisConfig, &axisConfigXmp));
axisConfigXmp.Gear.Ptr = &bufferData->PreFilter[0].Output;
msgCHECK(MPIAxisConfigSet(axis, &axisConfig, &axisConfigXmp));
```

- **Ratio.A** - numerator of multiplier
- **Ratio.B** - denominator of multiplier
- **Ratio.Old** -
- **Ratio.Remainder** -
- **Position** - final geared position

Sample Code

```
/* Change axis encoder scaling.
   limit scale to +/- 2.0 */
void axisScale(MPIAxis axis, float scale)
{
    MPIAxisConfig config;
    MEIAxisConfig xmpConfig;

    MPIAxisConfigGet(axis, &config, &xmpConfig);
    xmpConfig.APos[0].Coeff = (long)(scale * MEIXmpFRACTIONAL_UNITY);
    MPIAxisConfigSet(axis, &config, &xmpConfig);
}
```

See Also

[mpiAxisConfigGet](#) | [mpiAxisConfigSet](#) | [MPIAxisInPosition](#)

MPIAxisEstopModify

Definition

```
typedef struct MPIAxisEstopModify {
    float    deceleration;
    float    decelerationJerk;
    float    jerkPercent;
} MPIAxisEstopModify
```

Change History: Added in the 03.03.00

Description

MPIAxisEstopModify is used with [mpiAxisConfigGet\(...\)](#) and [mpiAxisConfigSet\(...\)](#) as part of the [MPIAxisConfig](#) structure. This structure can be used to configure the deceleration and jerk applied to a motor when an EStopModify event occurs.

Any of the limits can be configured to generate an EStopModify instead of a standard EStop (a standard EStop stops the motor by stepping down the feedrate until it reaches 0.0).

See [mpiMotorEventConfigSet\(...\)](#) and [mpiMotorEventConfigGet\(...\)](#).

NOTE: standard firmware uses jerkPercent and does not support decelerationJerk. See the MPITrajectory structure documentation.

deceleration	Specifies the Deceleration applied to the motor when an EStopModify occurs. Units are counts/sec ² .
decelerationJerk	Specifies the Jerk applied to the motor when an EstopModify occurs. Units are counts/sec ² .
jerkPercent	Specifies the JerkPercent applied to the motor when an EstopModify occurs. Units are in percent. Range is 0.0 to 100.0.

See Also

[MPIAxisConfig](#) | [mpiMotorEventConfigSet](#) | [mpiMotorEventConfigGet](#) | [MPIAction](#)

MPIAxisInPosition

Definition

```
typedef struct MPIAxisInPosition {
    struct {
        float    positionFine;
        long     positionCoarse;
        float    velocity;
    } tolerance;
    float    settlingTime; /* seconds */
    long     settleOnStop;
    long     settleOnEstop;
    long     settleOnEstopCmdEqAct;
} MPIAxisInPosition;
```

Description

tolerance	Includes the following 3 elements that determine settling tolerances for an axis.
positionFine	Value, in counts, from the move target position at which the controller sets the "in fine position" status flag. This parameter is used as part of the Axis settling criteria to determine when a point-to-point motion is complete and when MPIEventTypeMOTION_DONE and MEIEventTypeSETTLEDevents are generated.
positionCoarse	Value, in counts, from a move target position at which the controller sets the "in coarse position" status flag. This value does not affect the settling time status.
velocity	<p>Value, in counts/second, from the final move velocity at which the controller sets the "at velocity" status flag. This parameter is used as part of the Axis settling criteria to determine when:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • a position-based move is complete and an MPIEventTypeMOTION_DONE event is generated. • a velocity move is complete and an MPIEventTypeMOTION_AT_VELOCITY event is generated. • an axis is settled and an MPIEventTypeSETTLED event is generated. <p>NOTE: Always enter a Tolerance Velocity value that is a multiple of the controller sample rate. The controller will then receive velocity in counts/controller sample.</p>

	<p>1 Counts/second = (1 counts/second) * (1/sample rate(Hz)) $= (\text{1/sample rate}) \text{ counts/controller sample}$</p> <p>NOTE: Value is truncated to the next smallest integer.</p> <p>Example: With a sample rate of 2000Hz,</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • a Tolerance Velocity value of 500 counts/second = 0.25 = 0 count/controller sample (after truncation). • a Tolerance Velocity value of 2000 counts/second = 1 count/controller sample.
settlingTime	Duration in seconds that an axis must satisfy the positionFine and/or velocity tolerance, before the respective status flag is set.
settleOnStop	<p>If TRUE, the controller will use settle on stop mode. If FALSE, the controller will not use the settle on stop mode.</p> <p>When in settleOnStop mode and a STOP event has occurred, the axis will stay in an MPIStateSTOPPING state until:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The settling criteria are satisfied AND. • The stop duration for the axis' Motion Supervisor has elapsed. • This state can be read with mpiAxisStatus(MPIAxis axis, MPIStatus *status, void *external). <p>The value to look for is (MPIState) status.state. If settleOnStop = FALSE, the axis will stay in an MPIStateSTOPPING state only until the stop duration for the axis' Motion Supervisor has elapsed.</p>
settleOnEstop	<p>If TRUE, the controller will use settle on Estop mode. If FALSE, the controller will not use the settle on Estop mode.</p> <p>When in settleOnEstop mode and a ESTOP event has occurred, the axis will stay in an MPIStateSTOPPING_ERROR state until:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The settling criteria are satisfied AND. • The Estop duration for the axis' Motion Supervisor has elapsed. • This state can be read with mpiAxisStatus(MPIAxis axis, MPIStatus *status, void *external). <p>The value to look for is (MPIState) status.state. If settleOnEstop = FALSE, the axis will stay in an MPIStateSTOPPING_ERROR state only until the Estop duration for the axis' Motion Supervisor has elapsed.</p>

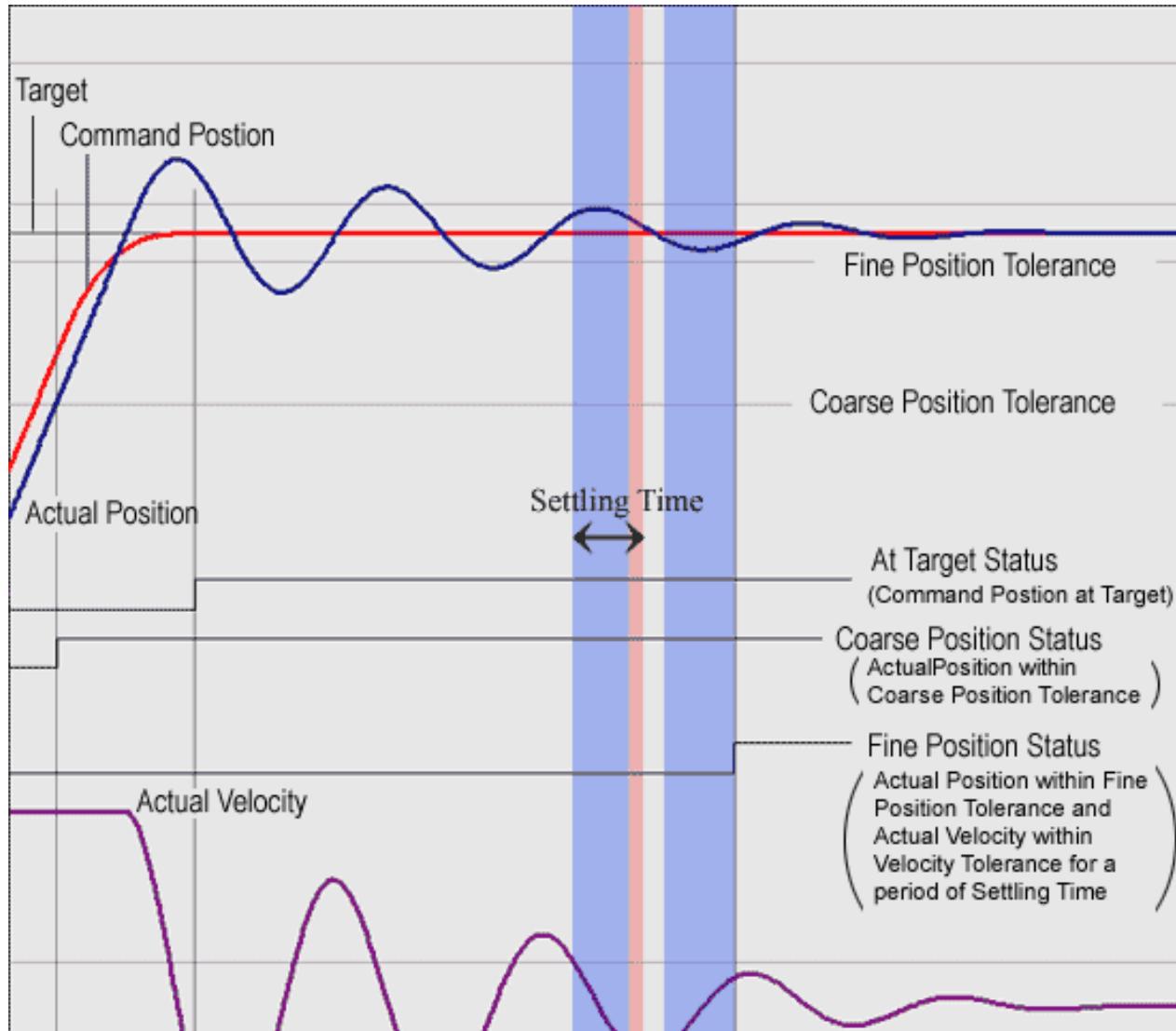
settleOnEstopCmdEqAct

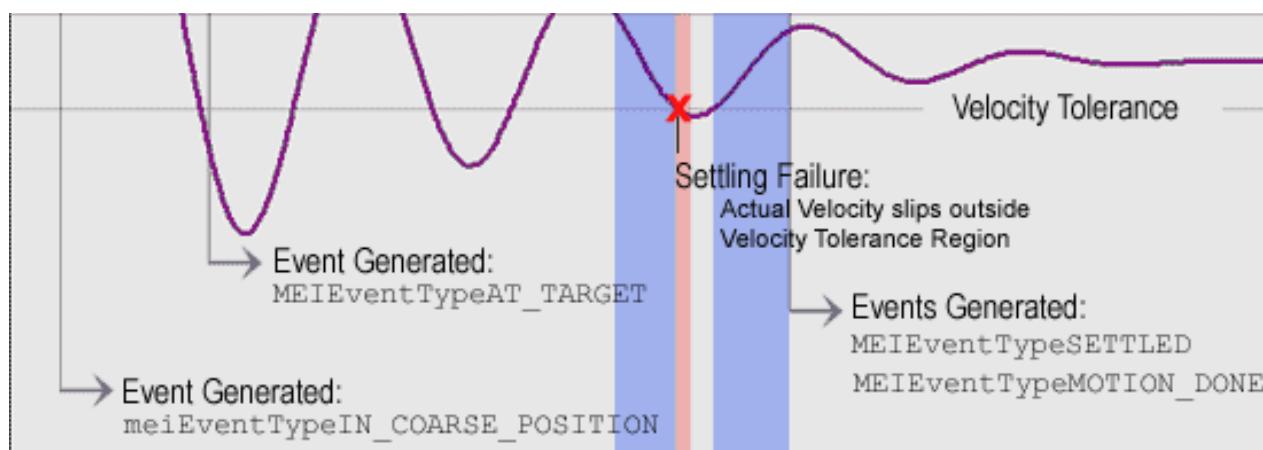
If TRUE, the controller will use settle on EstopCmdEqAct mode. If FALSE, the controller will not use the settle on EstopCmdEqAct mode.

*****settleOnEstopCmdEqAct mode is not recommended*****

SettleOnEstopCmdEqAct is an alternative to Estop mode. When this mode is enabled, the following things happen:

- During normal motion, there is no difference.
- During an Estop, Cmd Eq Act action, the command position is set equal to the actual position from the previous servo sample. This can have a damping effect in some systems with some tuning parameters, causing the stage to slow. The behavior of the stage in this mode can be vastly different than in normal servoing mode. Approach this mode with great caution. The axis will stay in this mode for the amount of time that the Axis' Motion Supervisor Estop time.
- After the Estop time elapses, the axis' motors will disable the amplifiers.





Sample Code

```
/*
Set the settling time of an axis.  Sample usage:
returnValue =
    setAxisSettlingTime(axis, 0.05);
*/
long setAxisSettlingTime(MPIAxis axis, double settlingTime)
{
    MPIAxisConfig config;
    long returnValue;

    returnValue =
        mpiAxisConfigGet(axis, &config, NULL);

    if (returnValue == MPIMessageOK)
    {
        config.inPosition.settlingTime = (float) settlingTime;
        returnValue =
            mpiAxisConfigSet(axis, &config, NULL);
    }

    return returnValue;
}
```

See Also

[MPIAxisConfig](#) | [MPIAction](#)

[Axis Tolerances and Related Events: How Motion Related Events are Generated](#)

[Configuration of IN_POSITION and Done Events after STOP or E_STOP Events](#)

MPIAxisMaster

Definition

```
typedef enum {
    MPIAxisMasterType type;
    long number;
    long *address;
    long encoderFaultMotorNumber;
} MPIAxisMaster;
```

Description

MPIAxisMaster defines the source of the position and velocities used as the master for cam motion. See also [Master Position Source](#).

The **type** field specifies if the **number** or **address** fields are used and which object the **number** field refers to.

MPIMasterType	Number	Address
MPIAxisMasterTypeMOTOR_FEEDBACK_PRIMARY	motor number	Not used
MPIAxisMasterTypeMOTOR_FEEDBACK_SECONDARY	motor number	Not used
MPIAxisMasterTypeAXIS_COMMANDED_POSITION	Axis number	Not used
MPIAxisMasterTypeAXIS_ACTUAL_POSITION	Axis number	Not used
MPIAxisMasterTypeADDRESS	Not used	Any controller address
MPIAxisMasterTypeNONE	Not used	Not used

type	This field defines the type of master position source is being used.
number	the motor or axis number.
address	The controller address to be used as the master position.
encoderFaultMotorNumber	The number of the motor that is checked for an encoder fault. If this motor detects an encoder fault this axis will abort. A value of -1 disables this encoder fault function. See Master Encoder Faults .

See Also

[MPIAxisMasterType](#)

MPIAxisMasterType

Definition

```
typedef enum {
    MPIAxisMasterTypeMOTOR_FEEDBACK_PRIMARY,
    MPIAxisMasterTypeMOTOR_FEEDBACK_SECONDARY,
    MPIAxisMasterTypeAXIS_COMMANDED_POSITION,
    MPIAxisMasterTypeAXIS_ACTUAL_POSITION,
    MPIAxisMasterTypeADDRESS,
    MPIAxisMasterTypeNONE,
}MPIAxisMasterType;
```

Change History: Modified in the 03.03.00

Description

MPIAxisMasterType specifies the type of master position source used with cam motions. See also [MPIAxisMaster](#).

Fields	Number	Address
MPIAxisMasterTypeMOTOR_FEEDBACK_PRIMARY	Motor number	Not used
MPIAxisMasterTypeMOTOR_FEEDBACK_SECONDARY	Motor number	Not used
MPIAxisMasterTypeAXIS_COMMANDED_POSITION	Axis number	Not used
MPIAxisMasterTypeAXIS_ACTUAL_POSITION	Axis number	Not used
MPIAxisMasterTypeADDRESS	Not used	Any controller address
MPIAxisMasterTypeNONE	Not used	Not used

See Also

[MPIAxisMaster](#)

MPIAxisMessage

Definition

```
typedef enum {
    MPIAxisMessageAXIS_INVALID,
    MPIAxisMessageCOMMAND_NOT_SET,
    MPIAxisMessageNOT_MAPPED_TO_MS,
} MPIAxisMessage;
```

Description

MPIAxisMessage is an enumeration of Axis error messages that can be returned by the MPI library.

MPIAxisMessageAXIS_INVALID

The axis number is out of range. This message code is returned by [mpiAxisCreate\(...\)](#) if the axis number is less than zero or greater than or equal to MEIXmpMAX_Axes.

MPIAxisMessageCOMMAND_NOT_SET

The axis command position did not get set. This message code is returned by [mpiAxisCommandPositionSet\(...\)](#) if the controller's command position does not match the specified value. Internally, the mpiAxisCommandPositionSet(...) method requests the controller to change the command position, waits for the controller to process the request, and reads back the controller's command position. There are several cases where the controller will calculate a new command position to replace the requested command position. For example, if motion is in progress, stopped, or if the amp enable is disabled (when the motor's disableAction is configured for command equals actual), the controller will calculate a new command position every sample. To prevent this problem, set the command position when the motion is in an IDLE state and the motor's disableAction is configured for no action.

mpiAxisCommandPositionSet(...) Error Check

The [mpiAxisCommandPositionSet\(...\)](#) error check has been extended. If the controller is updating the axis's command position when mpiAxisCommandPositionSet(...) is called, MPIAxisMessageCOMMAND_NOT_SET will be returned. mpiAxisCommandPositionSet(...) checks for the following conditions:

- Axis is in a STOPPING, STOPPED, or MOVING state.
- Any motor associated with the axis has the disableAction configuration set to MEIMotorDisableActionCMD_EQ_ACT and the motor's Amp Enable is disabled.
- If the command position read from the controller does not match the requested position.

MPIAxisMessageNOT_MAPPED_TO_MS

An axis is not mapped to the motion supervisor. This message code is returned by [mpiMotionDelete\(...\)](#), [mpiMotionAxisListGet\(...\)](#), or [mpiMotionAxisRemove\(...\)](#) when an axis is associated with a motion object, but not mapped to a motion supervisor. To correct this problem, map the axes to the motion supervisor in the controller by calling: [mpiMotionAction\(...\)](#) with [MEIACTIONMAP](#) or [MPIACTIONRESET](#), [mpiMotionStart\(...\)](#), [mpiMotionModify\(...\)](#), or [mpiMotionEventNotifySet\(...\)](#).

See Also

Configuration of IN_POSITION and DONE Events after STOP or E-STOP Events

Two fields, settleOnStop and settleOnEstop are incorporated into the MPIAxisInPosition{} structure. These fields control the generation and use of IN_FINE_POSITION, and DONE status bits and events. A value of FALSE in these fields causes the IN_FINE_POSITION to be held false after STOP (or E-STOP) events and DONE to be based solely on command velocity (i.e. DONE is true as soon as the command velocity reaches 0). A value of TRUE in these fields causes IN_FINE_POSITION and DONE to be calculated in the same manner as that for normal motion, except that the position where the command velocity reaches zero is used for a target rather than the original Target Position.

The following table shows the generation of these status bits with settleOnStop (settleOnEstop) = FALSE (the default value):

Motion Status	After S-Curve or Trapezoidal Move	During Velocity Move	After STOP (E-STOP)	After ABORT
IN_FINE_POSITION	Based on target distance (see note 3)	FALSE	FALSE	FALSE
IN_COURSE_POSITION	Based on target distance	FALSE	FALSE	FALSE
AT_TARGET	TRUE when command = target	FALSE	FALSE	FALSE
DONE	TRUE if both TC and IN_FINE_POSITION are true	FALSE	TRUE when command velocity = 0	TRUE

The following table shows the generation of these status bits with settleOnStop (settleOnEstop) = TRUE:

Motion Status	After S-Curve or Trapezoidal Move	During Velocity Move	After STOP (E-STOP)	After ABORT
IN_FINE_POSITION	Based on target distance (see note 3)	FALSE	Based on position error (see note 1)	FALSE
IN_COURSE_POSITION	Based on target distance	FALSE	FALSE	FALSE
AT_TARGET	TRUE when command = target	FALSE	FALSE	FALSE
DONE	TRUE if both TC and IN_FINE_POSITION are true	FALSE	Same as IN_FINE_POSITION	TRUE

NOTE 1: IN_FINE_POSITION is based on four criteria:

- The trajectory has completed ([see note 2](#)).
- command position - actual position < fine position tolerance.
- Target velocity - actual velocity < velocity tolerance (the default setting for velocity tolerance so large that this criteria is ignored).
- The above three criteria have been satisfied for the duration specified by the settling time parameter.

NOTE 2: The reference to "TC" above refers to TRAJECTORY_COMPLETE, an internal status that is set when all of the current motion segments (frames) have completed.

NOTE 3: The criteria used for calculation of IN_FINE_POSITION after s-curve or trapezoidal motion has changed to the following: (This is the same as the MPI-1 criteria.)

- The trajectory has completed ([see note 2](#)).
- target position - actual position < fine position tolerance.
- command velocity - actual velocity < velocity tolerance (the default setting for velocity tolerance so large that this criteria is ignored).
- The above 3 criteria have been satisfied for a duration specified by the settling time parameter.

Return to [MPIAxisInPosition](#).